

THE PLACE OF THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE IN MEDICINE.

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Annotation: In the course of this research, the necessity and essence of learning the Russian language in medical universities will be discussed. This necessity justifies that doctors have not only professional, but also communicative competence.

Keywords: Modern doctor, linguistics, profession, language learning.

Any linguist knows that the word "doctor" comes from the old Russian "lie". A modern doctor, the importance of language knowledge, should be aware of modern literature, no matter what language it is in. Consequently, a doctor is a linguistically active profession. For a linguistically active profession, language is an important means of communication. After all, the importance and power of the word for both the doctor and the patient are great. The profession of a doctor involves interference in the personal lives of other people, therefore, it is very desirable to know certain ethical norms, prohibitions and restrictions for establishing contact with the patient, which will have a more positive effect on the effectiveness of treatment.

The issues of the relationship between language and professional culture have an axiological basis, which allows us to study the role of values in the process of forming a doctor's professional culture. Culture includes the ways in which a person affirms his existence in the world, and language appears as one of the ways in which a person affirms himself in his professional activity. When considering issues of professional culture, it is especially important to take into account the language context, as a result of which there is a need to study linguistic and cultural processes in their complex interaction.

The popularity of the Russian language in the world is very high. The need for language learning outside the Russian Federation is 125 million people worldwide. In particular, demand is high in the CIS countries, where the number of people interested in learning Russian is 100 million people. 7% of foreign volunteers who are fluent in Russian came to the 2018 World Cup in Russia.

Russian is the richest literary language, and its global significance is enormous. The Russian alphabet served as the basis for the writing of many early written languages, and Russian has become a second native language for the non-Russian population of the Russian Federation. There is a constant process of mutual enrichment of the Russian language and the languages of the peoples of the Russian Federation. The Russian language is the richest literary language, and its world significance is enormous. The Russian alphabet served as the basis for the writing of many early written languages, and the Russian language became the second native language for the non-Russian population of the Russian Federation. There is a constant process of mutual enrichment of the Russian language and the languages of the peoples of the Russian Federation. The Russian



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language continues to arouse interest in the modern world. According to publications in the Russian press, recently the number of citizens of the USA, France, Spain, Sweden, Finland, Austria, Korea who have begun to study the Russian language and literature has increased several times. The main source of its development, processing and polishing was the creative work of the Russian people, especially the descendants of Russians, and all figures of science, politics, technology, culture and literature - the Russian language has become a highly developed, rich, historical language.

The relevance of cultural studies of the linguistic aspect of the medical professional culture is due to a number of reasons. In today's society, which is embracing the process of globalization, there is an increasing demand for specialists whose professional culture implies not only deep specialized knowledge, but also high language and general cultural preparation. The professional community needs a specialist who can coordinate professional activities with the problems of society and culture.

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