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**KONCHILIK SANOATIDA RUDALARNI BOYITISH QO'LLANILADIGAN
FLOTATSIYA MASHINALARINING TUZILISHI TURLARI VA ISHLASH
PRINSIPLARI.**

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“Umumtexnik fanlar” kafedrasi o’qituvchisi

Annotatsiya: Konchilik sanoatida rudalarini boyitishda flotatsiya mashinalari muhim rol o‘ynaydi. Ushbu mashinalar minerallarni samarali ajratish va metallarning ajralish darajasini oshirish uchun turli tuzilishga ega bo‘lib, ularning ishlash prinsiplari flotatsiya jarayonining natijalariga bevosita ta’sir qiladi. Flotatsiya mashinalari mexanik, pnevmatik, pnevmatik-mexanik va gidroflotatsiya turlariga bo‘linadi. Har bir tur o‘zining konstruktiv xususiyatlari, reagentlar bilan o‘zaro ta’siri va samaradorligi bilan ajralib turadi. Ushbu mavzu flotatsiya mashinalarining tuzilishi, ularning ishlash tamoyillari hamda konchilik sanoatida qo‘llanilishi bo‘yicha ilmiy-amaliy tahlillarni o‘z ichiga oladi. Optimal flotatsiya mashinasini tanlash boyitish jarayonining unumdorligini oshirish va iqtisodiy samaradorlikni ta’minlashga xizmat qiladi.

Kalit so‘zlar: Flotatsiya mashinalari, rudalarini boyitish, konchilik sanoati, mexanik flotatsiya, pnevmatik flotatsiya, pnevmatik-mexanik flotatsiya, gidroflotatsiya, mashina tuzilishi, ishlash prinsipi, reagentlar, havo pufakchalari, ajratish jarayoni, minerallar, flotatsiya kamerasi, aralashtirish tizimi, samaradorlik, metall ajratib olish, texnologik jarayon, iqtisodiy samaradorlik, sanoat qo‘llanilishi.

Kirish: Hozirgi vaqtida sanoatda bir necha yuzlab har xil konstruksiyaga ega bo‘lgan flotomashinalar ishlatalmoqda. Flotomashinalarni asosan bo‘tanani aeratsiyalash usuliga qarab tasnifyaash qabul qilingan. Flotomashinalarning turlari 1-jadvalda keltirilgan.

Bundan tashqari, flotamashinalarni bo‘tananing mashinalarda harakat yo‘nalishiga qarab tasniflash mumkin. Ular uch turga bo‘linadi: karita shaklidagi mashinalar, umumiylathli va kamerali flotamashinalar (1-rasm).

Karita shaklidagi mashinalar yaxlit bo‘lib, uzunasiga cho‘zilgan. Flotatsiyaga tayyorlangan bo‘tana mashinani bir tomonidan beriladi va u qarama-qarshi tomonga harakat qiladi, chiqindi ikkinchi tomonidan chiqib ketadi. Ko‘pik esa karitaning uzunasi bo‘yicha hamma yeridan, uning ikkala qirg‘og‘i (borti) ga o‘rnatilgan novga tushiriladi. Bo‘tanani sathi kameraning hamma yerida bir xil bo‘ladi (1-rasm, a).

1-jadval.

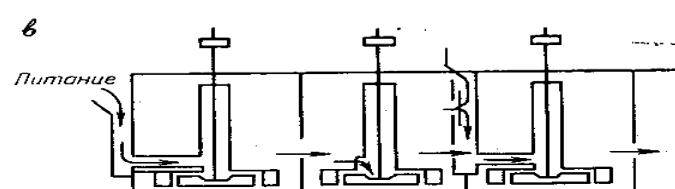
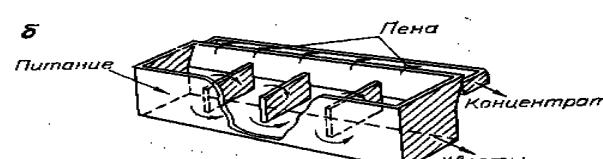
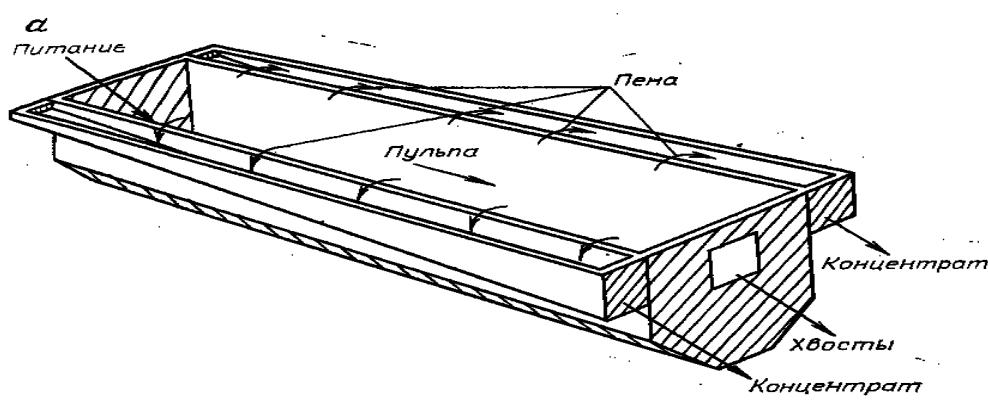
Flotatsion mashinalarning klassifikatsiyasi

No	Turi	Bo‘tapann aerasshash usuli	Konstruktiv jihatni	Mashinalar

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I	Mexaniq	Bo‘tanani impeller aylanishidan so‘rilgap havo yordamida	1.Parrakli impeller. 2.Rotorli impeller	«Mexanobr» MFU-63, «Gumbol’d», «Minamet», «FaGerGren»
II	Penovmatik	Bo‘tanaga havo purkash yo‘li bilan	1.Aerolift. 2.Bo‘tanani ko‘pik qatlamiga 6erish. 3.Kalonna turidagi kamerali. 4.Havoni mayda teshikchalar orqali berish.	Chuqur «Mexanobr», ko‘pikni saralagich kalonnali «Apatit».
III	Penovmomexamik	I va II usullar birgalikda	1.Barmoqli aerator. 2.Qaltirama aerator. 3.Bo‘tanani devor oldi qatlamini parchalovchi qurilma	«Mexanobr» barmoqli aerator bilan titratuvchi (vibratorli) aerator, uchli aerator
IV	Bo‘tanada bosimni kamaytiruvchi	Eritmadan gazlarni ajratish yo‘li bilan	1.Bo‘tanani ustida vakuum hosil qilish. 2.Bo‘tanani bosim ostida havo bilan to‘yintirish va bosimni kamaytirish	Vakuumli, kompressorli
V	Elektroflotatsiya	Suvni elektrolizlash	-	Elektroflotatsion



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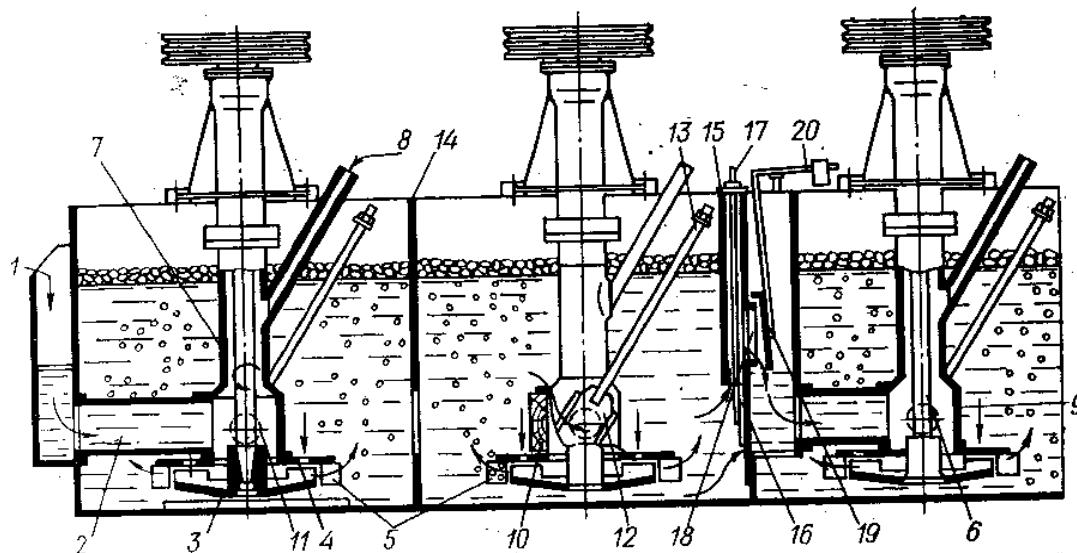
1-rasm. Flotatsion mashinalar turlari: a)- kareta turidagi mashina; b) – umuiy satxli mashina; v) – kmera turidagi mashina.

Umumiy sathli mashinalarni, karitali mashinalardan farqi – uzun karita to’siq bilan bo’linma (otsek) larga bo’lingan. Har bir bo’linmada aerotsiyalovchi qurilmalar o’rnatilgan (1-rasm, b).

Kamerali turdagji mashinalar, juftlangan yoki alohida kameralardan iborat bo’lib, maxsus qurilmali tuyruklar yordamida bo’tana birinchisidan ikkinchisiga o’tishi va har bir kameradagi bo’tana sathini ko’tarishi yoki pasaytirishi mumkin.

Karitali mashinalar - pnevmatik, kompressorli va elektroflotatsiya moshinalariga bo’linadi.

Kamerali mashinalarni - pnevmatik va mexaniq turlari mavjud.



2- rasm. Mexaniq tipidagi «Mexanobr» flotatsion mashinasi: 1-cho’ntak; 2-patrubok; 3-impeller; 4- stator disk; 5- stator yo’naltirgichi; 6- impeller vali; 7- markaziy quvur; 8- xavo uzauvchi quvur; 9-stakan; 10-tiqin; 11- qarama qarshi joylashgan aylana teshiklar; 12-shiber; 13- tyaga; 14- to’sqich; 15-metall koroba; 16- teshiklar; 17-sterjen; 18-teshik; 19-qopqok; 20 - richag

Flotamashinalarning hajmini hisoblash

Loyihalash, ishlab chiqarishda va tadqiqot ishlarida quyidagilarni aniqlash zaruriyati tug‘iladi:

1. Fabrikani unumdarligi va flotatsiyani davomiyligi ma'lum bo'lganda, texnologiya uchun ma'lum hajmli flotamashinalarni sonini;
2. Mashinalar soni va ularning o'lchami ma'lum bo'lganda fabrikani unumdarligini;
3. Mashinalarni soni, o'lchamlari va unumdarligi malum bo'lganda flotatsiyani davomiyligini aniqlash.

Hisob-kitoblarni bajarish uchun asosiy ko'rsatkich flotatsiyani davomiyligi har bir operatsiya uchup hisoblanadi. Bu ko'rsatkich, har bir aniq maqsad uchun tajriba va yarim

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sanoat sharoitida maxsus tajribalar o‘tkazish yo‘li bilan aniqlanadi. Tajriba sharoitida (kichik dastgohlarda) olingan natijalar, sanoat masshtabida o‘tkazilgan tajribalar natijalaridan 10 % dan 50 % gacha farq qilishi mumkin. Shuning uchun kichik hajmli flotomashinalarda olingan ko‘rsatkichlar katta hajmli flotomashinalarda tajriba o‘tkazilib, sinab ko‘rishi lozim bo‘ladi.

Flotokameralar sonini aniqlash (kamerali va to‘g‘ri oqimli turdagি flotamashinalarni soni) quyidagi tenglama bilan hisoblanadi:

$$n = \frac{V_b t}{V_k K} = \frac{V_c t}{1440 V_k K} \quad (1)$$

Bu yerda: n - kerak bo‘lgan kameralar soni;

V_b - bo‘tananing haj.mi, m³/min;

t, - flotatsiyani davomiyligi, min;

V_k - kamerani hajmi, m³. K = 0,65-0,75;

V_c - bo‘tananing kunlik hajmi, m³/kun.

Karita turidagi mashina uzunligi quyidagi tenglama bilan hisoblanadi:

$$L = \frac{V_b t}{S K} = \frac{V_c t}{1440 S K} \quad (2)$$

Bu yerda, L-mashina uzunligi, m;

S-bo‘tana bilan band bo‘lgan vannaning qirqim yuzasi, m².

Vannani maksimal uzunligi 10 metrdan oshmasligi kerak.

Bir soatdagi almashishlar soni quyidagi tenglik bilan hisoblanadi:

$$m = \frac{60}{t} \quad (3)$$

Bir soatda flotatsiyaga tushayotgan bo‘tananing miqdori quyidagi tenglik bilan hisoblanadi:

$$M_u = \frac{M_c}{24} \quad (4)$$

Bo‘tana bo‘yicha kameraning umumiy hajmi quyidagi tenglik bilan hisoblanadi:

$$V_v = \frac{V_u}{m} = \frac{V_u \cdot t}{60} \quad (5)$$

Kameralar soni quyidagi tenglik bilan aniqlanadi:

$$n = \frac{V_g}{V_k K} \quad (6)$$

Flotatsiyaga tushayotgan bo‘tananing miqdori va zichligini aniqlashda quyidagi tenglikdan foydalaniladi:

$$V_c = Q(R + \frac{1}{\delta}) \quad (7)$$

Bu yerda, Q - ruda miqdori, t/kun;

δ - rudaning zichligi.

R - (C : Q) – suyuq va qattiq moddalarni og‘irlilik nisbati

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Yuqoridagilarni hisobga olib, quyidagi tengliklarni keltirib chiqaramiz:

$$Q = \frac{V_c \delta}{\delta R + 1} \text{ yoki } R = \frac{V_c \delta - Q}{Q \delta} \quad (8)$$

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